The Future Of Work
How to adapt the
workplace to the new
workforce?

Denis Pennel
Managing Director



« Work » and the « Workplace » are facing a revolution

Talents are in the **Cloud**

Added-value
of labour
intermediation
is being
redefined

In workplace loyalty,
everyone is
a « free agent »

A new golden age of entrepreneurship is facing us



We are facing a 3rd industrial revolution!







Technological innovations

Production models

Impact on workers

Protection schemes

1800 - 1920

Steam Telegraph Railroads

Taylorism and Fordism, urbanisation

End of Independant status

Linked to work premises (paternalism)

1930 - 1980

Electricity TV & radio Combustion engine

Office work, consumerism (mass production)

Wage earners, services oriented

Linked to a status (permanent employee) 1990 - 20..

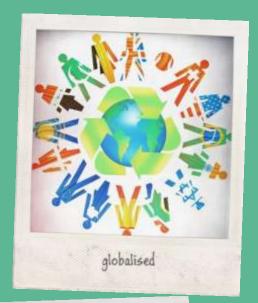
the Web Computers IT networks

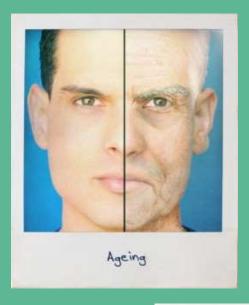
Fragmentation, individualisation (mass customisation)

Atomisation but reposession of production means

Linked to the individual (to be invented)

The New Workforce













Disengaged



self-employed

The labour market has become a global village



Global working population in 1990



in 2010



in 2020



40% = China & India

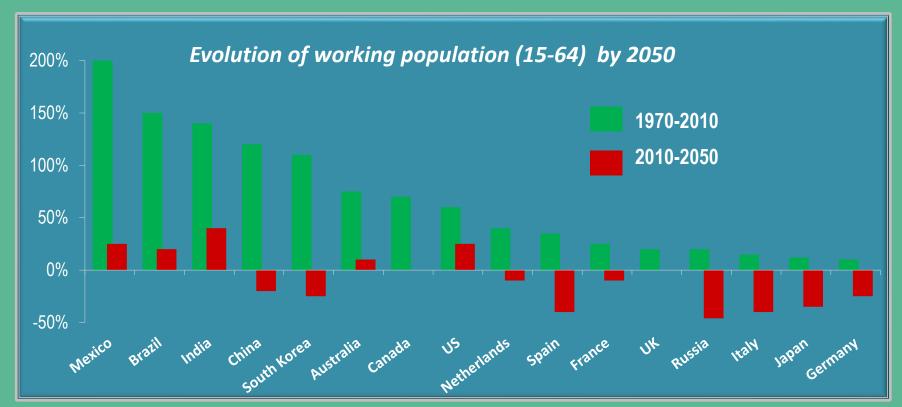
Since 1989, global working population has increased by

1.2 billion:

Fall out of USSR **Opening of China**

But working population will shrink in many countries by 2050





Source: Deloitte Research/UN Population Division (http://esa.un.org/unpp/) It's 2008: "Do You Know Where Your Talent Is?"

78 years: average life expectancy in developed countries

1 out of 2 girl born today will reach 100 years old



Work has been invaded with connectivity!





HAVE MULTIPLE DEVICES, SUCH AS A LAPTOP AND A SMARTPHONE OR MULTIPLE PHONES AND COMPUTERS.



OF EMPLOYEES

CAN SEAMLESSLY CONNECT TO THEIR CORPORATE NETWORK FROM REMOTE LOCATIONS

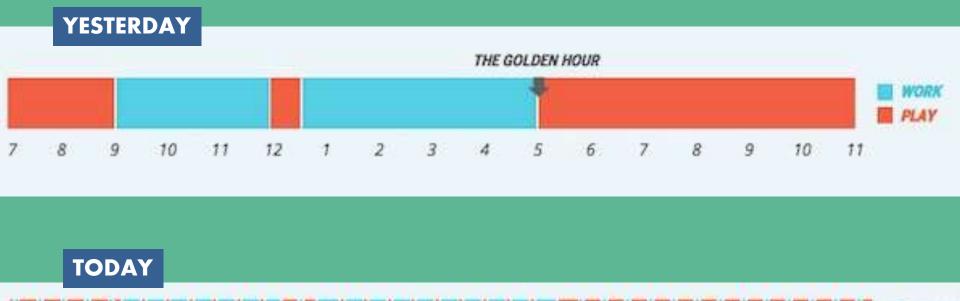
Source: Cisco Connected World Technology 2013

68% (more than 2 of 3) OF EMPLOYEES

BELIEVE THEIR COMPANIES SHOULD ALLOW THEM TO ACCESS SOCIAL MEDIA AND PERSONAL SITES WITH THEIR WORK-ISSUED DEVICES

Multitasking, blurring, bleisure & micro-leisure: the 9-to5 is dead!



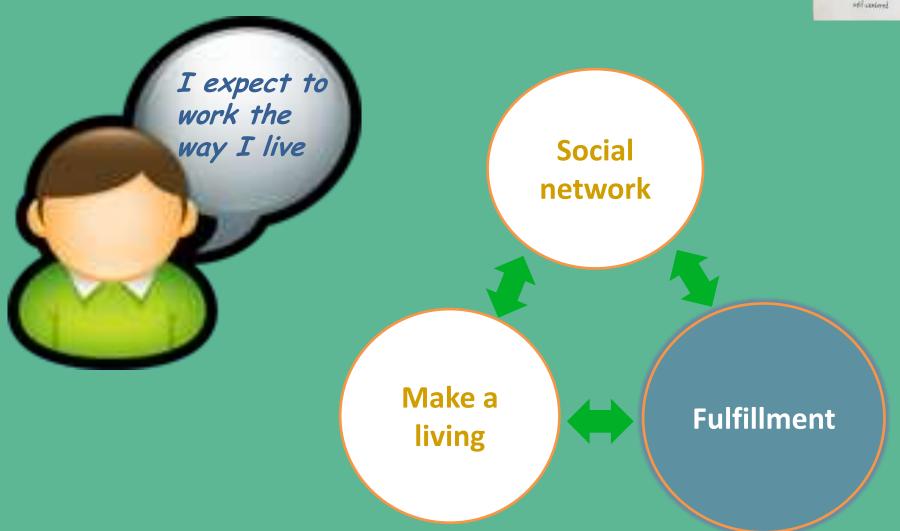


Source: MRY, The New Micro-Leisure

10

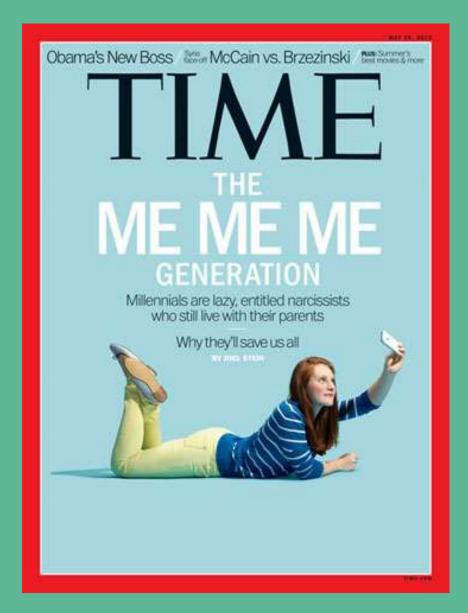
The fullfilment component of work is more and more essential





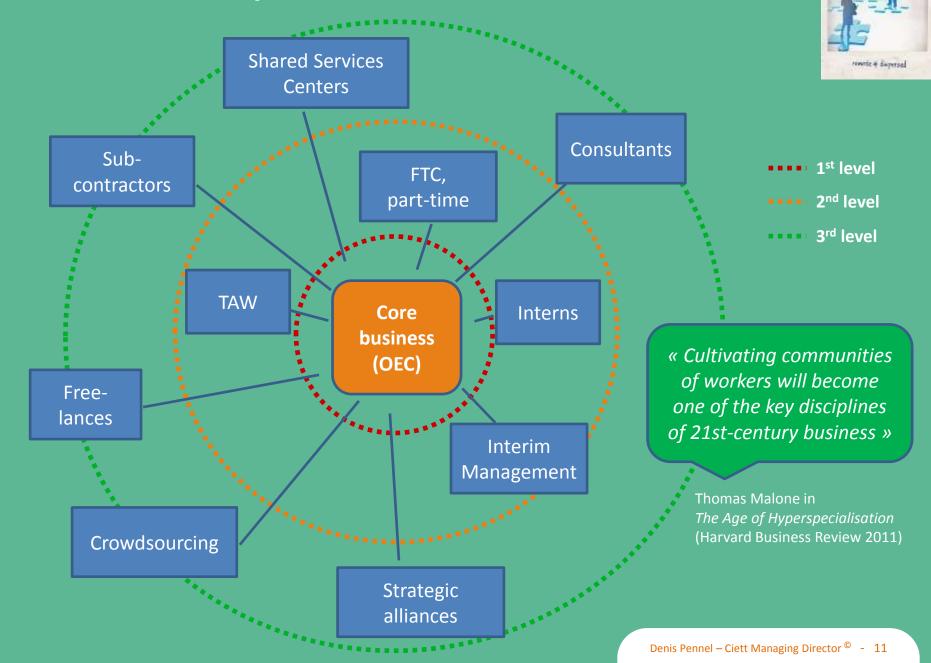
Generation Y at work





- Ambitious but self-centered
- Born without illusion and used to chaos
- Open, direct and informal
- Difficult with authority
- Collaborative, no need for micro-management
- Use computer as social machine
- Flexible and mobile
- High sense of social responsibility

The rise of a dispersed and remote workforce



The multiplication of worker types



On-site

Settled





Deskworker



Road warriors

Off-site

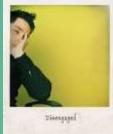


Teleworker



Human Cloud

Happy@Work? Only 13% of world's workers say that they are engaged





Source: Gallup – State of the global workforce 2013

From business-to-salaried-employee relationship to business-to-autonomous-worker one?



Upwork











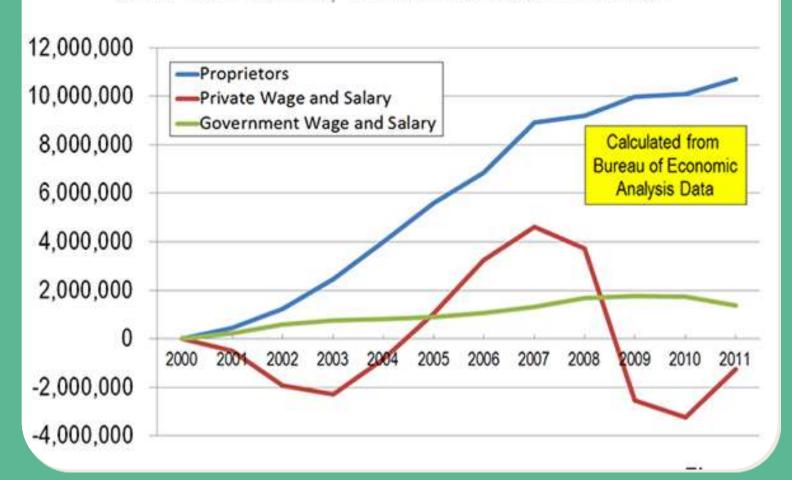




Going it alone: The rise of the selfie in the USA





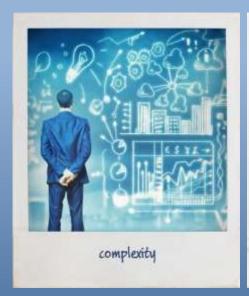


The end of work as we knew it!

sourced sold Work valued and evaluated will paid be... intermediated done terminated

...in a different way

Creating new challenges for companies















Labour markets are becoming increasingly complex



Greater global competition

Greater speed of reaction

Reducing product lifecycles

Youngsters
have
difficulty
with
authority

Greater diversity every-where

Higher demands vis-à-vis work Talent shortages

Calls for more authenticity at work

End of unity of work in time and space

Changing job and career concepts

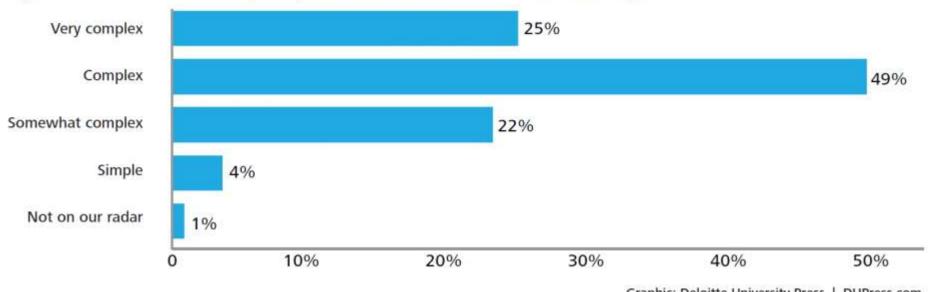
Calls for gender parity

More collaborative work

This complexity is fully recognised by companies



Figure 9. Current state of complexity of the work environment and business practices



Graphic: Deloitte University Press DUPress.com

Recruitment does not come that easy...







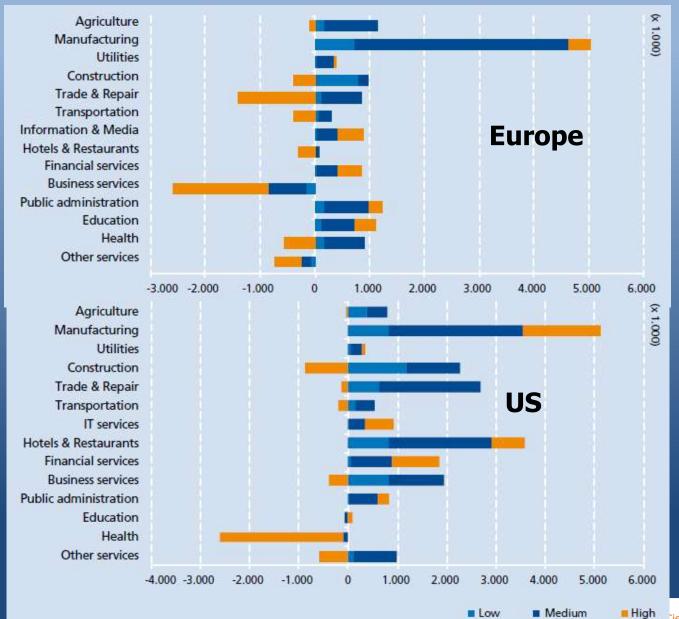
of companies experience difficulty recruiting staff



Source: Kelly Services

Skills shortages by 2030 will affect many sectors



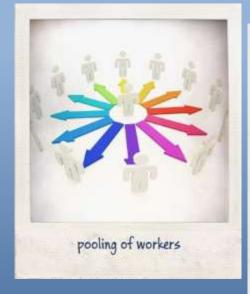


Worforce loyalty: everyone is becoming a free agent!



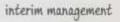
- 31% of people have quit a job within the first 6 months
 - The top reasons people leave are related to changing expectations about the job
- 25% of Fortune 500 managers change jobs each year
- 46% of new employees washout in the first 18 month
- The cost of losing an employee in the first year is estimated to be at least three times the salary

The co-existence of new forms of work













crowdsourcing



telework



independant contractor



voucher-based work



portfolio work

The Human Cloud: Towards an « uberisation » of the labour market?



Websites giving access to jobseekers

Candidates databases



facebook

Job Boards

Pure matching







Plateforms bringing together freelancers and companies (labour relationships)

> Market places











Plateforms distributing microtasks

Crowdsourcing









Firms from the new economy do not create many « standard » jobs



Number of employees

Number of contributors



4,000

160,000



1,600

1,200,000



200

20,000,000



10,000

More than 1 billion

Towards a casualisation of work?



Does the employment relationship tend to shorten?

Nature of employment relationship

Contractualisation

Length

Place of the relation

Job for life

Open ended contract

Decades

Intra entreprises **Employability**

Diversity of labour contracts

Years

Inter entreprises Freelance

Self employed

Months/Days

Projects

On demand expertise

Contract for services

Hours/

Real time market places

Many HR systems have to be revised drastically











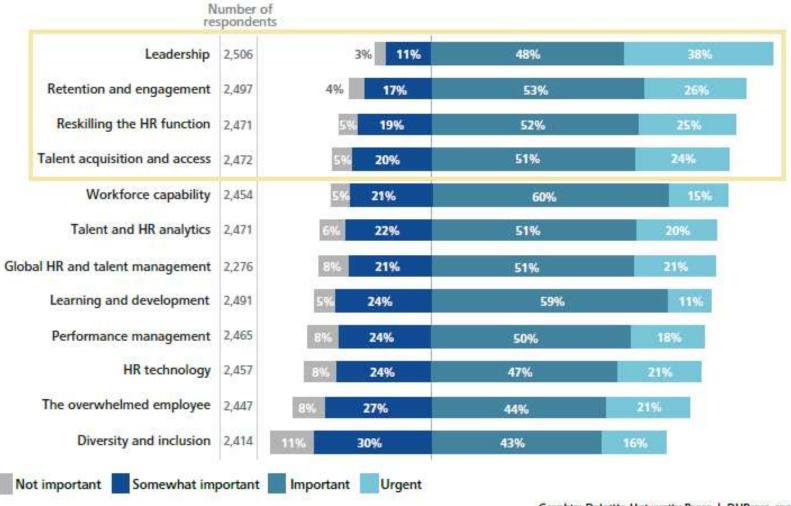


Sourcing talent is on top of HR priorities



Figure 1. Perceived urgency of 12 global trends

Source: Global Human Capital Trends 2014 by Deloitte

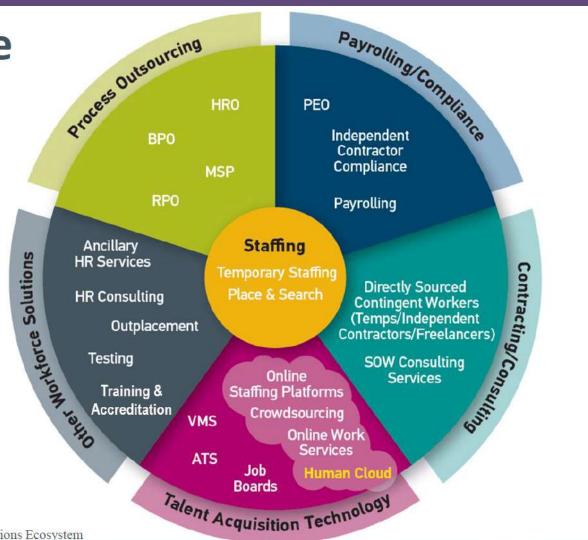


Graphic: Deloitte University Press | DUPress.com

Companies now face a full range of workforce solutions



The Workforce Solutions Ecosystem



Source: Staffing Industry Analysts 2015 Workforce Solutions Ecosystem

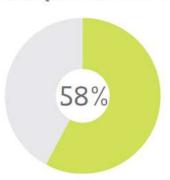
External help is very much looked after for sourcing





FIGURE 9:

Plan to increase use of outside recruitment firms to recruit anticipated hires in next 12 months?



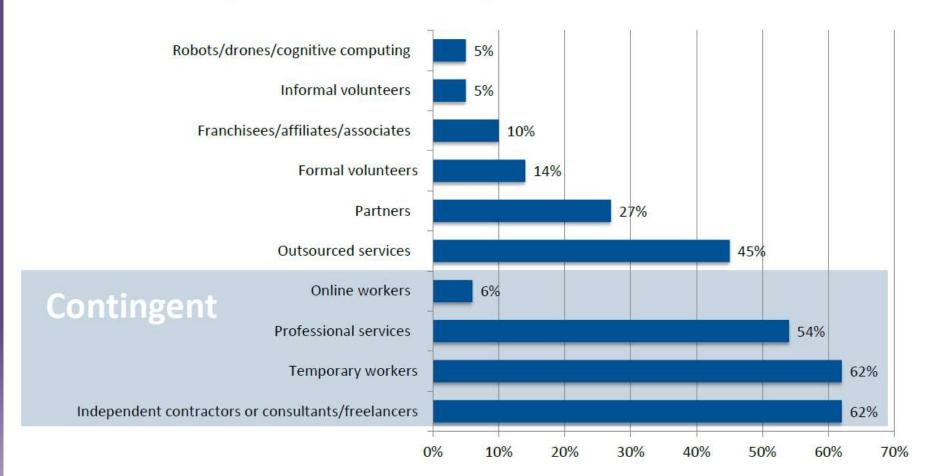


Source: Kelly OCG – Global trends in RPO & Recruitment, 2014

Companies already use a wide variety of workforce solutions



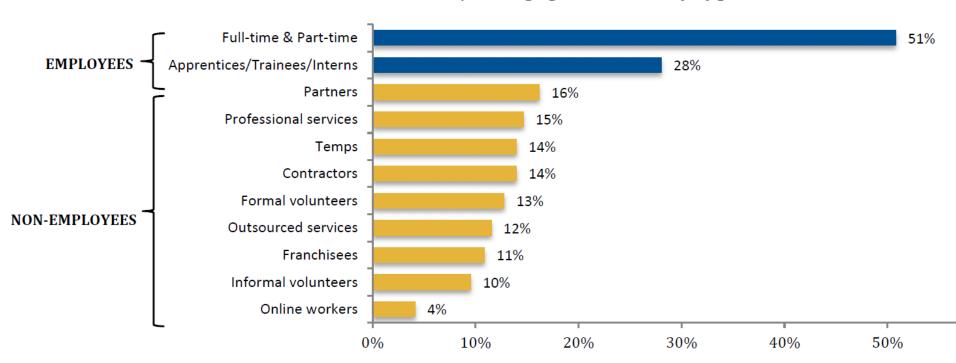
Based on what you know, which of the following types of 'workers' did work on behalf of your company/organization during 2014?



Engagement policy must be extended to non-employees



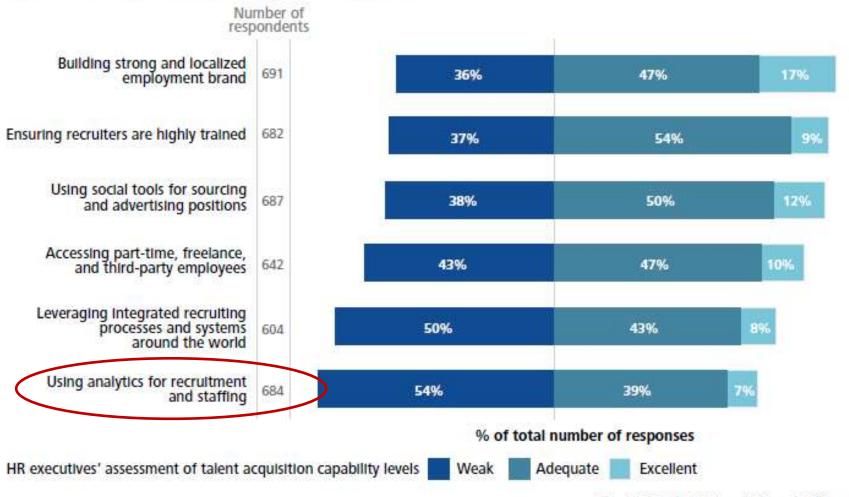
Figure 13. Percentage of organizations making very big or big effort to motivate and/or engage workers, by type



HR analytics: companies are lagging behind



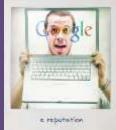
Figure 3: Mixed levels of talent acquisition capabilities

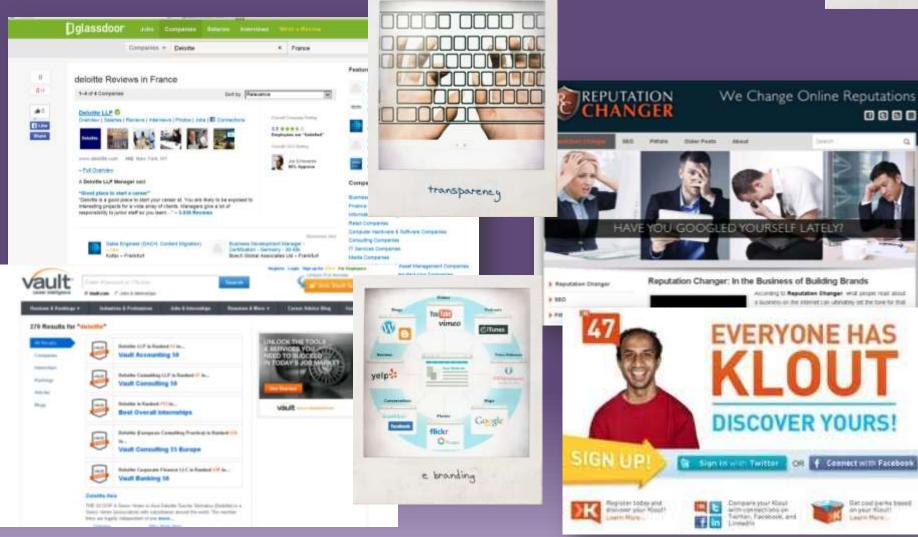


Source: Global Human Capital Trends 2014 by Deloitte

Graphic: Deloitte University Press | DUPress.com

Companies have to cope with labour markets that have never been so transparent





The New Work Contract: Redefine the contractual arrangement terms



DEAR LEADER:

Life is just too damn precious! It's no longer acceptable that there's work and there's life and it's up to us to balance the two. We deserve a better return on the time and energy we invest in your company.

« We are business units of one »

« People want to be themselves at work »

Trust Truth **Collaboration**

Conclusion:

Towards an integrated total talent management

Build a strong talent brand

Create a talent community

Appoint an Officer of extended workforce management

Extend your performance management and analytics efforts to on-demand talents

Encourage use of social media tools that allow employees to enable workplace performance and support life interests

Put in place integrated management and risks control across the business, procurement and HR teams

Thank you!



Follow me:



Denis Pennel



@PennelDenis



New Reality of Work



La nouvelle réalité du travail